granary Documentation

Release 1.9

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Contents

1	About	1			
2	Using	3			
3	Using the REST API	5			
4	Using the library	7			
5	Troubleshooting/FAQ				
6	Future work				
7	Development	13			
8	Related work				
9	Changelog	17			
	9.1 1.9 - 2017-10-24	17			
	9.2 1.8 - 2017-08-29	17			
	9.3 1.7 - 2017-02-27	18			
	9.4 1.6 - 2016-11-26	19			
	9.5 1.5 - 2016-08-25	20			
	9.6 1.4.1 - 2016-06-27	20			
	9.7 1.4.0 - 2016-06-27	20			
	9.8 1.3.1 - 2016-04-07	21			
	9.9 1.3.0 - 2016-04-06	21			
	9.10 1.2.0 - 2016-01-11	21			
	9.11 1.1.0 - 2015-09-06	22			
	9.12 1.0.1 - 2015-07-11	23			

About

Granary is a library and REST API that converts between a wide variety of formats:

- Facebook, Flickr, Google+, Instagram, and Twitter native APIs
- Instagram and Google+ scraped HTML
- ActivityStreams 1.0 and 2.0
- microformats2 HTML and JSON
- Atom
- XML
- JSON Feed

Here's how to get started:

- Granary is available on PyPi. Install with pip install granary.
- Click here for getting started docs.
- Click here for reference docs.
- The REST API and demo app are deployed at granary-demo.appspot.com.

License: This project is placed in the public domain.

2 Chapter 1. About

Using

All dependencies are handled by pip and enumerated in requirements.txt. We recommend that you install with pip in a virtualeny. (App Engine details.)

The library and REST API are both based on the OpenSocial Activity Streams service.

Let's start with an example. This code using the library:

```
from granary import twitter
...
tw = twitter.Twitter(ACCESS_TOKEN_KEY, ACCESS_TOKEN_SECRET)
tw.get_activities(group_id='@friends')
```

is equivalent to this HTTP GET request:

```
https://granary-demo.appspot.com/twitter/@me/@friends/@app/
?access_token_key=ACCESS_TOKEN_KEY&access_token_secret=ACCESS_TOKEN_SECRET
```

They return the authenticated user's Twitter stream, ie tweets from the people they follow. Here's the JSON output:

```
"itemsPerPage": 10,
"startIndex": 0,
"totalResults": 12,
"items": [{
    "verb": "post",
    "id": "tag:twitter.com,2013:374272979578150912",
    "url": "http://twitter.com/evanpro/status/374272979578150912",
    "content": "Getting stuff for barbecue tomorrow. No ribs left! Got some nice_
    "tenderloin though. (@ Metro Plus Famille Lemay) http://t.co/b2PLgiLJwP",
    "actor": {
    "username": "evanpro",
        "displayName": "Evan Prodromou",
        "description": "Prospector.",
        "url": "http://twitter.com/evanpro",
        },
```

```
"object": {
    "tags": [{
        "url": "http://4sq.com/1cw5vf6",
        "startIndex": 113,
        "length": 22,
        "objectType": "article"
        }, "..."],
    },
    "..."]
},
```

The request parameters are the same for both, all optional: USER_ID is a source-specific id or @me for the authenticated user. GROUP_ID may be @all, @friends (currently identical to @all), @self, @search, or @blocks; APP_ID is currently ignored; best practice is to use @app as a placeholder.

Paging is supported via the startIndex and count parameters. They're self explanatory, and described in detail in the OpenSearch spec and OpenSocial spec.

When using the GROUP_ID @search (for platforms that support it — currently Twitter and Instagram), provide a search string via the q parameter. The API is loosely based on the OpenSearch spec, the OpenSocial Core Container spec, and the OpenSocial Core Gadget spec.

Output data is JSON Activity Streams 1.0 objects wrapped in the OpenSocial envelope, which puts the activities in the top-level items field as a list and adds the itemsPerPage, totalCount, etc. fields.

Most Facebook requests and all Twitter, Google+, Instagram, and Flickr requests will need OAuth access tokens. If you're using Python on Google App Engine, oauth-dropins is an easy way to add OAuth client flows for these sites. Otherwise, here are the sites' authentication docs: Facebook, Flickr, Google+, Instagram, Twitter.

If you get an access token and pass it along, it will be used to sign and authorize the underlying requests to the sources providers. See the demos on the REST API *endpoints above* for examples.

4 Chapter 2. Using

Using the REST API

The endpoints above all serve the OpenSocial Activity Streams REST API. Request paths are of the form:

```
/USER_ID/GROUP_ID/APP_ID/ACTIVITY_ID?startIndex=...&count=...&format=FORMAT&access_

→token=...
```

All query parameters are optional. FORMAT may be json (the default), xml, or atom, both of which return Atom. atom supports a boolean reader query parameter for toggling rendering appropriate to feed readers, e.g. location is rendered in content when reader=true (the default). The rest of the path elements and query params are described above.

Errors are returned with the appropriate HTTP response code, e.g. 403 for Unauthorized, with details in the response body.

By default, responses are cached and reused for 5m without re-fetching the source data. (Instagram responses are cached for 60m.) You can prevent this by adding the cache=false query parameter to your request.

To use the REST API in an existing ActivityStreams client, you'll need to hard-code exceptions for the domains you want to use e.g. facebook.com, and redirect HTTP requests to the corresponding *endpoint above*.

The web UI (granary-demo.appspot.com) currently only fetches Facebook access tokens for users. If you want to use it to access a Facebook page, you'll need to get an access token manually with the Graph API Explorer (click on the *Get To...* drop-down). Then, log into Facebook on granary-demo.appspot.com and paste the page access token into the access_token text box.

(Google+ pages aren't supported in their API.)

Using the library

See the example above for a quick start guide.

Clone or download this repo into a directory named granary (note the underscore instead of dash). Each source works the same way. Import the module for the source you want to use, then instantiate its class by passing the HTTP handler object. The handler should have a request attribute for the current HTTP request.

The useful methods are <code>get_activities()</code> and <code>get_actor()</code>, which returns the current authenticated user (if any). See the individual method docstrings for details. All return values are Python dicts of decoded ActivityStreams 1 JSON.

The $microformats2.*_to_html()$ functions are also useful for rendering ActivityStreams 1 objects as nicely formatted HTML.

Troubleshooting/FAQ

Check out the oauth-dropins Troubleshooting/FAQ section. It's pretty comprehensive and applies to this project too. For searchability, here are a handful of error messages that have solutions there:

```
bash: ./bin/easy_install: ...bad interpreter: No such file or directory

ImportError: cannot import name certs

ImportError: cannot import name tweepy

File ".../site-packages/tweepy/auth.py", line 68, in _get_request_token
    raise TweepError(e)
TweepError: must be _socket.socket, not socket
```

Future work

We'd love to add more sites! Off the top of my head, YouTube, Tumblr, WordPress.com, Sina Weibo, Qzone, and RenRen would be good candidates. If you're looking to get started, implementing a new site is a good place to start. It's pretty self contained and the existing sites are good examples to follow, but it's a decent amount of work, so you'll be familiar with the whole project by the end.

Development

Pull requests are welcome! Feel free to ping me with any questions.

You'll need the App Engine Python SDK version 1.9.15 or later (for vendor support). Add it to your \$PYTHONPATH, e.g. export PYTHONPATH=\$PYTHONPATH:/usr/local/google_appengine, and then run:

```
virtualenv local
source local/bin/activate
pip install -r requirements.txt
python setup.py test
```

If you send a pull request, please include (or update) a test for the new functionality if possible! The tests require the App Engine SDK or the Google Cloud SDK (aka gcloud) with the gcloud-appengine-python and gcloud-appengine-python-extras components.

If you want to work on oauth-dropins at the same time, install it in "source" mode with pip install -e <path to oauth-dropins repo>.

To deploy:

```
python -m unittest discover && ~/google_appengine/appcfg.py update .
```

To deploy facebook-atom, twitter-atom, instagram-atom, and plusstreamfeed after a granary change:

```
#!/bin/tcsh
foreach s (facebook-atom twitter-atom instagram-atom plusstreamfeed)
  cd ~/src/$s && ~/google_appengine/appcfg.py update .
end
```

To deploy the old *-activitystreams.appspot.com apps:

```
cd old_apps

rm -f app.yaml && ln -s app.twitter.yaml app.yaml && \
    ~/google_appengine/appcfg.py update . && \

rm -f app.yaml && ln -s app.facebook.yaml app.yaml && \
    ~/google_appengine/appcfg.py update . && \
```

```
rm -f app.yaml && ln -s app.instagram.yaml app.yaml && \
    ~/google_appengine/appcfg.py update . && \
git co -- app.yaml
```

The docs are built with Sphinx, including apidoc, autodoc, and napoleon. Configuration is in docs/conf.py To build them, first install Sphinx with pip install sphinx. (You may want to do this outside your virtualenv; if so, you'll need to reconfigure it to see system packages with virtualenv --system-site-packages local.) Then, run docs/build.sh.

This ActivityStreams validator is useful for manual testing.

Related work

Apache Streams is a similar project that translates between storage systems and database as well as social schemas. It's a Java library, and its design is heavily structured. Here's the list of formats it supports. It's mainly used by People Pattern.

Gnip similarly converts social network data to ActivityStreams and supports many more source networks. Unfortunately, it's commercial, there's no free trial or self-serve signup, and plans start at \$500.

DataSift looks like broadly the same thing, except they offer self-serve, pay as you go billing, and they use their own proprietary output format instead of ActivityStreams. They're also aimed more at data mining as opposed to individual user access.

Cliqset's FeedProxy used to do this kind of format translation, but unfortunately it and Cliqset died.

Facebook used to officially support ActivityStreams, but that's also dead.

There are a number of products that download your social network data, normalize it, and let you query and visualize it. SocialSafe is one, although the SSL certificate is currently out of date. ThinkUp was an open source product, but shuttered on 18 July 2016. There's also the lifelogging/lifestream aggregator vein of projects that pull data from multiple source sites. Storythr is a good example. It doesn't include Facebook, Google+, or Instagram, but does include a number of smaller source sites. There are lots of others, e.g. the Lifestream WordPress plugin. Unfortunately, these are generally aimed at end users, not developers, and don't usually expose libraries or REST APIs.

On the open source side, there are many related projects. php-mf2-shim adds microformats2 to Facebook and Twitter's raw HTML. sockethub is a similar "polyglot" approach, but more focused on writing than reading.

Changelog

1.9 - 2017-10-24

- Add ActivityStreams 2.0! New as 2 module includes to_as1() and from_as1() functions. Currently supported: articles, notes, replies, likes, reposts, events, RSVPs, tags, attachments.
- Atom:
- Add new atom_to_activity() function for converting Atom to AS1.
- Add email field to author, if provided.
- JSON Feed:
 - Raise ValueError on bad (non-dict) input.
- REST API:
 - Add as 2 value for format and input. Revise existing

ActivityStreams and microformats2 value names to as1, as1-xml, and mf2-json. Old values activitystreams, json, json-mf2, and xml are still accepted, but deprecated.

1.8 - 2017-08-29

- · Add JSON Feed support to both library and REST API.
- Twitter:
 - Add get_blocklist().
 - Bug fix for creating replies, favorites, or retweets of video URLs, e.g. https://twitter.com/name/status/123/video/1.
 - Bug fix for parsing favorites HTML to handle a small change on Twitter's side.
 - post_id() now validates ids more strictly before returning them.

· Facebook:

- Improve heuristic for determining privacy of wall posts from other users.
- Support GIFs in comments (attachment types animated_image_autoplay and animated_image_share).
- Upgrade Graph API from v2.6 to v2.10.

• Instagram:

- Update scraping to handle new home page (ie news feed) JSON schema, which changed sometime around 2017-02-27. (Profile pages and individual photo/video permalinks still haven't changed yet.)

• microformats2:

- Add u-featured to ActivityStreams image.
- Improve h-event support.
- Minor whitespace change (added) when rendering locations as HTML.
- post_id() now validates ids more strictly before returning them.
- Fix bugs in converting latitude and longitude between ActivityStreams and mf2.

• Google+:

- Update HTML scraping to handle changed serialized JSON data format.

• Atom:

- Add new activity_to_atom() function that renders a single top-level <entry> instead of <feed>.
- Add new reader query param for toggling rendering decisions that are specific to feed readers. Right now, just affects location: it's rendered in the content when reader=true (the default), omitted when reader=false.
- Include author name when rendering attached articles and notes (e.g. quote tweets).
- Only include AS activity: object-type and activity: verb elements when they have values.
- Render AS image and mf2 u-photo if they're not already in content.
- Render thr:in-reply-to from object.inReplyTo as well as activity.context. inReplyTo.

• REST API:

- Fix bugs in html => json-mf2 and html => html conversions.
- Upgrade brevity to 0.2.14 for a couple bug fixes.

1.7 - 2017-02-27

• microformats2:

- Interpret h-cite and u-quotation-of (experimental) https://indieweb.org/quotation#How_to_markup as attachments, e.g. for quote tweets.
- Convert audio and video properties to AS attachments.

• Twitter:

- Linkify @-mentions and hashtags in preview_create().

- Support creating quote tweets from attachments with Twitter URLs.
- When converting quote tweets to AS, strip quoted tweet URL from end of text.
- Raise ValueError when get_activities() is passed group_id='@search' but not search_query.

• Instagram:

- Improve HTML scraping error handling.
- Support multi-photo/video posts.

· Facebook:

- Disable creating "interested" RSVPs, since Facebook's API doesn't allow it.

• Atom:

- Support media enclosures for audio and video attachments.
- Source.get_activities(): start raising ValueError on bad argument values, notably invalid Facebook and Twitter ids and Instagram search queries.
- Fix rendering and linkifying content with Unicode high code points (ie above the 16-bit Basic Multilingual Plane), including some emoji, on "narrow" builds of Python 2 with --enable-unicode=ucs2, which is the default on Mac OS X, Windows, and older *nix.

1.6 - 2016-11-26

• Twitter:

- Handle new "extended" tweets with hidden reply-to @-mentions and trailing URLs for media, quote tweets, etc. Background: https://dev.twitter.com/overview/api/upcoming-changes-to-tweets
- Bug fix: ensure like.author.displayName is a plain unicode string so that it can be pickled normally, e.g. by App Engine's memcache.
- Bug fix: handle names with emoji correctly in favorites_html_to_likes().
- Bug fix: handle search queries with unicode characters.

• Atom:

- Render full original quoted tweet in retweets of quote tweets.

• microformats2 HTML:

- Optionally follow and fetch rel="author" links.
- Improve mapping between microformats2 and ActivityStreams 'photo' types. (mf2 'photo' type is a note or article *with* a photo, but AS 'photo' type *is* a photo. So, map mf2 photos to underlying type without photo.)
- Support location properties beyond h-card, e.g. h-adr, h-geo, u-geo, and even when properties like latitude and longitude appear at the top level.
- Error handling: return HTTP 502 for non-JSON API responses, 504 for connection failures.

9.4. 1.6 - 2016-11-26

1.5 - 2016-08-25

- REST API:
 - Support tag URI for user id, app id, and activity id.
- Twitter:
 - Better error message when uploading a photo with an unsupported type.
 - Only include original quote tweets, not retweets of them.
 - Skip fetching retweets for protected accounts since the API call always 403s.
- Flickr:
 - Better username detection. Flickr's API is very inconsistent about username vs real name vs path alias.
 This specifically detects when a user name is probably actually a real name because it has a space.
 - Uploading: detect and handle App Engine's 10MB HTTP request limit.
 - Bug fix in create: handle unicode characters in photo/video description, hashtags, and comment text.
- Atom:
 - Bug fix: escape &s in attachments' text (e.g. quote tweets).

1.4.1 - 2016-06-27

• Bump oauth-dropins requirement to 1.4.

1.4.0 - 2016-06-27

- REST API:
 - Cache silo requests for 5m by default, 60m for Instagram because they aggressively blocking scraping. You can skip the cache with the new cache=false query param.
- · Facebook:
 - Upgrade from API v2.2 to v2.6. https://developers.facebook.com/docs/apps/changelog
 - Add reaction support.
 - De-dupe event RSVPs by user.
- Twitter:
 - Switch create() to use brevity for counting characters. https://github.com/kylewm/brevity
 - Fix bug in create() that occasionally incorrectly escaped ., +, and characters.
 - Fix text rendering bug when there are multipl photos/videos.
 - When replying to yourself, don't add a self @-mention.
- Instagram:
 - Fix bugs in scraping.
- Upgrade to requests 2.10.0 and requests-toolbelt 0.60, which support App Engine.

1.3.1 - 2016-04-07

• Update oauth-dropins dependency to >=1.3.

1.3.0 - 2016-04-06

- Support posting videos! Currently in Facebook, Flickr, and Twitter.
- Instagram:
 - Add support for scraping, since they're locking down their API and requiring manual approval.
 - Linkify @-mentions in photo captions.
- · Facebook:
 - Fetch Open Graph stories aka news.publish actions.
 - Many bug fixes for photo posts: better privacy detection, fix bug that attached comments to wrong posts.
- Twitter:
 - Handle all photos/videos attached to a tweet, not just the first.
 - Stop fetching replies to @-mentions.
- Atom:
 - Render attachments.
 - Add xml:base.
- microformats2:
 - Load and convert h-card.
 - Implement full post type discovery algorithm, using mf2util. https://indiewebcamp.com/post-type-discovery
 - Drop support for h-as-* classes, both incoming and outgoing. They're deprecated in favor of post type discovery.
 - Drop old deprecated u-like and u-repost properties.
- · Misc bug fixes.
- · Set up Coveralls.

1.2.0 - 2016-01-11

- Improve original post discovery algorithm. (bridgy #51)
- Flickr tweaks. (bridgy #466)
- Add mf2, activitystreams, atom, and search to interactive UI. (#31, #29)
- Improved post type discovery (using mf2util).
- Extract user web site links from all fields in profile (e.g. description/bio).
- Add fabricated fragments to comment/like permalinks (e.g. #liked-by-user123) so that object urls are always unique (multiple silos).

9.8. 1.3.1 - 2016-04-07

- Improve formatting/whitespace support in create/preview (multiple silos).
- Google+:
 - Add search.
- · Facebook:
 - Fetch more things in get_activities: photos, events, RSVPs.
 - Support person tags in create/preview.
 - Prevent facebook from automatically consolidating photo posts by uploading photos to "Timeline Photos" album.
 - Include title in create/preview.
 - Improve object id parsing/resolving.
 - Improve tag handling.
 - Bug fix for fetching nested comments.
 - Misc improvements, API error/flakiness handling.
- Flickr:
 - Create/preview support for photos, comments, favorites, tags, person tags, location.
- Twitter:
 - Create/preview support for location, multiple photos.
 - Fetch quote tweets.
 - Fetching user mentions improvements, bug fixes.
 - Fix embeds.
 - Misc AS conversion improvements.
- microformats2:
 - Improve like and repost rendering.
- · Misc bug fixes.
- Set up CircleCI.

1.1.0 - 2015-09-06

- · Add Flickr.
- · Facebook:
 - Fetch multiple id formats, e.g. with and without USERID_ prefix.
 - Support threaded comments.
 - Switch from /posts API endpoint to /feed.
- Google+:
 - Support converting plus.google.com HTML to ActivityStreams.
- Instagram:
 - Support location.

- Improve original post discovery algorithm.
- New logo.

1.0.1 - 2015-07-11

- Bug fix for atom template rendering.
- Facebook, Instagram: support access_token parameter.

1.0 - 2015-07-10

• Initial PyPi release.

9.12. 1.0.1 - 2015-07-11